Register No.:	

778

October 2023

<u>Time - Three hours</u> (Maximum Marks: 100)

- [N.B. 1. Answer all questions under Part-A. Each question carries 3 marks.
 - 2. Answer all the questions either (A) or (B) in Part-B. Each auestion carries 14 marks.]

PART - A

- 1. Define the characteristic impedance of symmetrical networks.
- 2. State the applications of filters in communication systems.
- 3. What is the need for modulation?
- 4. What are the various types of AM transmitters?
- 5. Write the formula for modulation index of FM.
- 6. What do you mean by Stereophonic FM transmitter?
- 7. State sampling theorem.
- 8. What are the advantages and disadvantages of PCM?
- 9. What is the operating principle of carbon microphone?
- 10. Define aspect ratio.

PART - B

- 11. (a) (i) What are the various types of Wave Propagation? State their frequency range of operation, advantages and applications. (8)
 - (ii) Define and explain for ionospheric region (a) Critical frequency (b) MuF (c) Skip distance. (6)

(Or)

- (b) (i) Draw the circuit diagram and frequency response characteristics of LPF, HPF and BPF. Write the expression for cut off frequency for all the above filters. (10)
 - (ii) Compare characteristics of symmetrical and asymmetrical networks. (4)
- 12. (a) (i) What do you mean by VSB modulation? Why we need it?
 Write its merits and limitations. (8)
 - (ii) Compare low level AM modulation and high level AM modulation. (6)

(Or)

- (b) (i) Draw the block diagram of Super heterodyne receiver. Explain the working of each block. (10)
 - (ii) Write the importance of IF in AM receiver. (4)
- 13. (a) (i) Explain the working of direct FM transmitter. (10)
 - (ii) Compare AM and FM receiver. (4)

(Or)

- (b) (i) Draw the block diagram of Stereo phonic FM Receiver. Explain the working of each block.(10)
 - (ii) What is AFC? List its uses.(4)
- 14. (a) (i) What are the various types of Pulse modulation techniques? (4)
 - (ii) Explain the detection of PAM. Draw its input and output waveforms. (10)

(Or)

- (b) (i) Explain the principle and working of Adaptive Delta modulation. Draw its input and output wave forms. (10)
 - (ii) What are the applications of Delta modulation and Adaptive Delta modulation? (4)
- 15. (a) (i) Explain the principle and working of Surround sound system. (10)
 - (ii) What are the applications of all types of microphones? (4)

(Or)

- (b) (i) Explain the construction, principle and working of Plasma display. What are its advantages and applications? (10)
 - (ii) Differentiate between LED, OLED and Plasma displays. (4)